

Д/з 13 для групп Д2–01, Д2–02, Д2–03, Д2–04

1) Найти определенные интегралы:

$$\text{а)} \int_4^9 \sqrt{x} dx, \quad \text{б)} \int_{-5}^5 x^3 dx, \quad \text{в)} \int_{-1}^1 x^{10} dx, \quad \text{г)} \int_{1/e}^e \frac{dx}{x},$$

$$\text{д)} \int_1^2 \frac{dx}{x^3}, \quad \text{е)} \int_0^8 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x+1}}, \quad \text{ж)} \int_{-1}^1 \frac{dx}{x^2+1},$$

$$\text{з)} \int_{\pi/4}^{\pi/2} \cos x dx, \quad \text{и)} \int_0^{\pi} \sin \frac{x}{2} dx, \quad \text{к)} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \sin^2 x dx.$$

2) Найти неопределенные интегралы:

$$\text{а)} \int x^2(x^3+1)^5 dx, \quad \text{б)} \int x(2x+3)^{20} dx, \quad \text{в)} \int xe^{-x^2} dx,$$

$$\text{г)} \int (x-1)e^x dx, \quad \text{д)} \int (x+3) \sin x dx, \quad \text{е)} \int e^{-x} \cos x dx,$$

$$\text{ж)} \int \sin 2x \cos 2x dx, \quad \text{з)} \int \cos^2 2x dx, \quad \text{и)} \int \cos^3 x dx,$$

$$\text{к)} \int \frac{dx}{4x^2+9}, \quad \text{л)} \int \frac{dx}{x^2+4x+4}, \quad \text{м)} \int \frac{dx}{x^2+4x+5},$$

$$\text{н)} \int \frac{dx}{x(4-x)}, \quad \text{o)} \int \frac{(\ln x)^2}{x} dx, \quad \text{п)} \int \frac{\ln \ln x}{x} dx.$$

Ответы:

$$1) \text{ а)} \frac{38}{3}, \quad \text{б)} 0, \quad \text{в)} \frac{2}{11}, \quad \text{г)} 2, \quad \text{д)} \frac{3}{8}, \quad \text{е)} 4, \quad \text{ж)} \frac{\pi}{2}, \quad \text{з)} 1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \quad \text{и)} 2, \quad \text{к)} \pi.$$

$$2) \text{ а)} \frac{1}{18}(x^3+1)^6 + C, \quad \text{б)} \frac{1}{88}(2x+3)^{22} - \frac{1}{28}(2x+3)^{21} + C, \quad \text{в)} -\frac{1}{2}e^{-x^2} + C, \quad \text{г)} (x-2)e^x + C,$$

$$\text{д)} -(x+3) \cos x + \sin x + C, \quad \text{е)} \frac{1}{2}e^{-x}(\sin x - \cos x) + C, \quad \text{ж)} -\frac{1}{8} \cos 4x + C, \quad \text{з)} \frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{8} \sin 4x + C,$$

$$\text{и)} \sin x - \frac{1}{3} \sin^3 x + C, \quad \text{к)} \frac{1}{6} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{2x}{3} + C, \quad \text{л)} -\frac{1}{x+2} + C, \quad \text{м)} \operatorname{arctg}(x+2) + C,$$

$$\text{н)} \frac{1}{4} \ln \left| \frac{x}{x-4} \right| + C, \quad \text{o)} \frac{1}{3} (\ln x)^3 + C, \quad \text{п)} (\ln \ln x - 1) \ln x + C.$$